**Unit 1: The World At 1500**

**Lesson 7**

1. Introduction
2. Objective: Road to the Renaissance
3. SOL WHII.2d and e
4. Do Now: What was the Renaissance? Why did it begin?
5. The Middle Ages
6. Beginnings
7. Feudalism
8. Religion
9. The Crusades
10. 1095
11. The End
12. Trade
13. During Crusades
14. After Crusades
15. Trade Patterns: By 1500, regional trade patterns had developed that linked Africa, the Middle East, Asia, and Europe. Traditional trade patterns linking Europe with Asia and Africa:
16. Knowledge
17. The Black Death
18. Plague
19. Spread
20. “Ring Around the Rosie”
21. Life After the Plague
22. Conclusion
23. The Renaissance was a response to:
24. Dark Middle Ages
25. Re-introduction to the East during the Crusades
26. Trade of new products and ideas
27. Devastation from Black Plague

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| **Terms to Know:** | | | |
| Middle Ages | Medieval | Feudalism | The Crusades |
| Silk Route | Maritime Routes | Trans-Saharan Routes | Northern European Route |
| Western European Route | South China Sea Route | The Black Plague | Trade Patterns |
| **Questions To Consider:** | | | |
| 1. Why were the Middle Ages also known as “The Dark Ages”? Was this true of places outside of Europe? 2. What role did the system of feudalism have in the Crusades? In trade? 3. What role did the Crusades have in trade? 4. What were the regional trading patterns about 1500 CE and why were they important? 5. What technological and scientific advancements had been exchanged among cultures of the world by 1500? 6. How did the increase in population, trade, and military conflicts prepare Europe for the devastation of the Black Plague? 7. The Renaissance was a response to four major events. What were they? Explain. | | | |